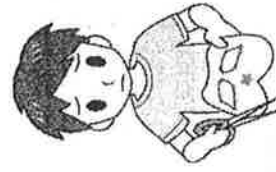


第一部分、聽力測驗(6'39")：每題念兩遍，唸完不再重複。(24%)

(一) 辨識句意：根據聽到的內容，選出符合描述的圖片或符合圖片的描述。(12%)

1.

(A)



(B)



(C)



2.

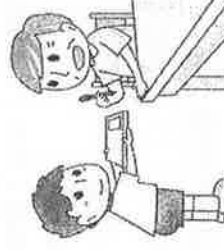
(A)



(B)

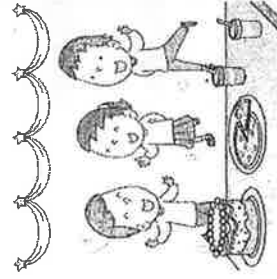


(C)

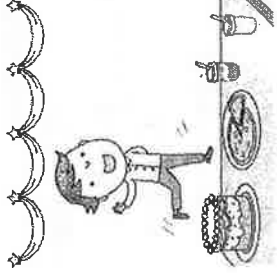


3.

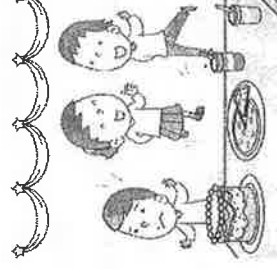
(A)



(B)

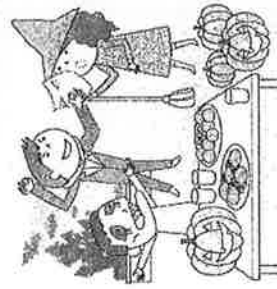


(C)

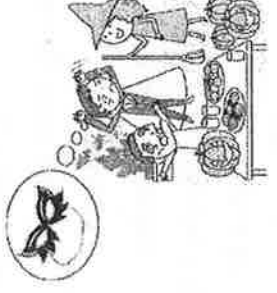


4.

(A)



(B)

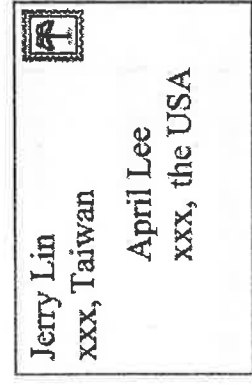


(C)

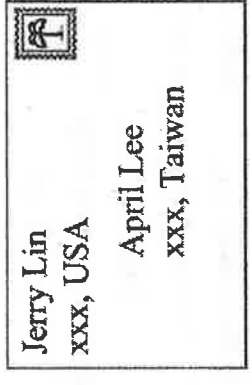


5.

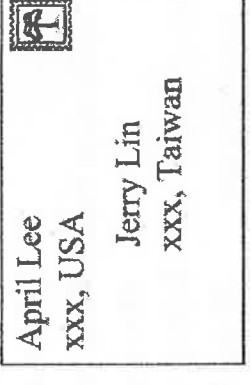
(A)



(B)

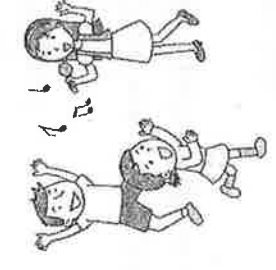


(C)

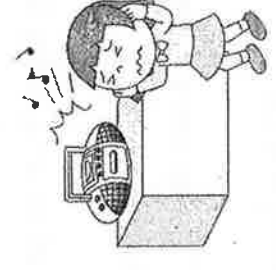


6.

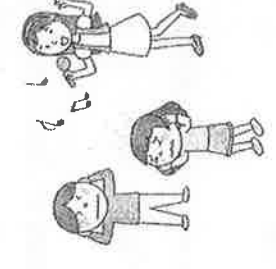
(A)



(B)



(C)



(二) 基本問答：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應。(6%)

7. (A) I've been there twice. (B) I was at the museum. (C) So far so good.
8. (A) I have fun reading stories with you all the time.
(B) I can't make heads or tails of some sentences in the story.
(C) Just to play it safe, I have to make up another one for you.
9. (A) Yes, water, please. (B) It's not my drink. (C) No, thanks. I've had enough.

(三) 言談理解：根據聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的答案。(6%)

10. (A) The boy. (B) The girl. (C) Both of them.
11. (A) A letter. (B) A house. (C) A picture.
12. (A) To teach Alice to make a pumpkin lantern for herself. (B) To tell Alice to make dinner for them.
(C) To ask Alice to finish the pumpkin lantern for him.

第二部分、紙筆測驗(76%): 第13題~38題2分/題; 第39題~46題3分/題

13. In the two pictures, I can't find any _____.
(A) circles (B) triangles (C) rectangles (D) squares
14. Flora _____ to Japan in 2008. She _____ there for years.
(A) moved; has lived (B) has moved; lived (C) moves; lives (D) moved; lived
15. We all know _____ Kimi and Judy are brother and sister.
(A) about (B) and (C) what (D) that
16. Jessica can speak three _____: Chinese, English, and Japanese.
(A) languages (B) paper (C) wallets (D) keys
17. My favorite actress, 隋棠, is very tall. She's about 5 _____ 8 inches.
(A) meters (B) kilometers (C) yards (D) feet
18. When Emma said "NO" to her boyfriend, he was _____ at her answer.
(A) exciting (B) surprising (C) scared (D) surprised
19. A: Where's your father? B: He _____ China. He's not in Taiwan now.
(A) has gone to (B) has been to (C) has been in (D) has to
20. We once believed Amy _____ to America with her family next month.
(A) goes (B) would go (C) went (D) going
21. A: The cute dog has a short tail, _____? B: I can't agree with you more.
(A) is it? (B) hasn't it? (C) doesn't it? (D) did it?
22. My husband left for Canada on business last week, and I _____ him a lot.
(A) invite (B) miss (C) wish (D) comb
23. Heidi swims much faster now. It's _____ for her to win the swimming race.
(A) possible (B) excellent (C) married (D) strange
24. The Lin family went fruit picking on the farm and _____ their basket with strawberries.
(A) filled (B) rang (C) called (D) glued
25. The singers, 楊丞琳 and 李榮浩, have got married in their hometown, _____.
(A) aren't they; they are (B) haven't they; they have (C) didn't they; they did (D) have they; they have
26. On October 31, _____, children play a trick-or-treating game and go door to door to ask for candy.
(A) Ghost Festival (B) Christmas (C) Halloween (D) Moon Festival
27. A: Hey buddy, don't stay at home and watch TV all day long. Want to go mountain climbing with me?
B: No, it's _____.
(A) for dear life (B) to play it safe (C) around the corner (D) not my cup of tea

28. Joe and his daughter didn't have a good sleep last night. He heard she _____ at night, but he didn't know what he could do.
(A) cry (B) crying (C) was crying (D) cries

29. I don't see any _____ movies, or I may have a bad dream at night. In the dream, hundreds of zombies run after me all the way.
(A) excited (B) tired (C) scared (D) scary



30. A: I just slept in English class. English is ____, ____ it? B: Absolutely(完全地) not! It's fun!
(A) tiring; doesn't (B) bored; isn't (C) worried; hasn't (D) boring; isn't
31. We will have a three-day graduation(畢業) trip in December. My classmates and I will ____ during the trip.
(A) hear from (B) hear of (C) show off (D) have a whale of a time
32. Ted's parents are afraid ____ he may make friends with bad guys and can't go to a good senior high school.
(A) to (B) of (C) about (D) that
33. A: ____? B: Since last year.
(A) Have you ever seen the movie? (B) What have you done today?
(C) How long have your parents lived here? (D) Have you made dinner yet?
34. A: Guys, ____, do I? B: No, you don't, sir.
(A) I always teach you to study hard (B) I never teach you to tell lies
(C) there are some boys playing on the playground (D) You cleaned the bedroom
35. A: Have you ____ music ____ you were little? B: Yes. Music is my life.
(A) am interesting to; since (B) interested; for
(C) been interested in; since (D) interested in; since

(36-37) Please read the kid's poem and answer the questions below.

"I cannot go to school today," said little Lucy.

"I have a runny nose, a sore throat, and a bad stomachache.

My mouth is wet, my throat is dry,

I may have a high fever.

My leg is cut, my eyes are blue

I'm sure that my left leg is broken

My hair hurts when I comb it,

I think my hair is falling out.

My voice is weak, I hardly say anything

My tongue(舌頭) is filling up my mouth,

There is a hole inside my ear, I cannot hear.

Can't you see my face looks green?

And my heart is--what?

What's that? What's that you say, Mom?

You say "today is... Saturday? There's no school today?"

G'day, I'm going out to play!"

Source: <https://www.familyfriendpoems.com/poem/sick-by-shel-silverstein>

36. What's the best title of the poem?
(A) Being Sick. (B) Going trick-or-treating. (C) Doing your homework now. (D) Having Fun Today.
37. Does little Lucy really need to see a doctor and take medicine?
(A) We don't know. (B) No, she doesn't. (C) Yes, she does. (D) Not yet.

(38-39)

1. symbol ['sɪmb(ə)] n. a mark, letter, number, and so on; used to speak for something, for example in music or chemistry
2. synonym [sɪˈnɒnəməs] n. words have the same meaning or almost the same meaning
3. Sydney ['sɪd.ni] n. a large city in southeastern Australia, the capital(首府) of the state of New South Wales
4. sycamore ['sɪkəmə:(r)] n. a tree with large leaves shaped like a star and seeds shaped like two wings

38. What is the sequence(順序) of the words above listed in a dictionary?

- (A) synonym → symbol → Sydney → sycamore (B) sycamore → Sydney → symbol → synonym
(C) synonym → sycamore → symbol → Sydney (D) Sydney → synonym → sycamore → symbol
39. Which is not a correct use of the words?
(A) Happy and sad are synonyms. (B) Sydney is a place in Australia.
(C) Sycamore is a kind of plant with special shapes of leaves. (D) Kg is the symbol for kilogram.

【背面尚有試題 P.3/4】

(40-42)

A bride(新娘) in Bangladesh(孟加拉) surprised her friends and family members by walking to her future husband's house when she was married. So why were the people at a wedding in Bangladesh shocked(震驚的)?

In Bangladesh and many other parts of the world, a traditional(傳統的) wedding would usually have the man getting married go to the woman's house. The bride would say goodbye to her family, then the husband and wife would go to the man's family home to live there.

However, the 19-year-old Khadiza Akter Khushi did the opposite for her wedding. She led hundreds of people to the man's house. Then, they got married there, and her husband moved to her family home. It is the first time in the country that a bride walked to her groom's house for their wedding day.

Khadiza says she did it to send a piece of information: ____ (41) _____. "If boys can bring girls to marriage(婚姻), why can't girls?" A bride walking to her groom's house may be a small thing, but it changes a tradition that is hundreds and hundreds of years old in Bangladesh. Khadiza and her husband, Tariqul Islam, hope their wedding will be another step towards all people being equal, being at the same place.

Tariqul says "I am sure our marriage will tell one thing. A woman can do anything just like a man, do what a man can do." And they say they are happy, and had a lot of fun in the wedding.

source: https://www.ict.com.tw/news_lunchbox.php?&mlevel1=7&mlevel2=96

40. What does the word "opposite" mean?

- (A) Same. (B) Different. (C) Forward. (D) Proud.

41. _____.

- (A) Seeing is believing.
(B) No one is less than another.
(C) When life gives you lemons, make lemonade.
(D) Great hopes make great man.

42. According to the reading, which is not true?

- (A) Tariqul is Khadiza's husband.
(B) Khadiza tried to speak for women in the wedding.
(C) In a traditional wedding, the husband usually goes to his wife's place to marry her.
(D) The people in Bangladesh didn't agree with Tariqul and Khadiza's idea of the wedding.

(43-46)

Do you like pizza? Do you want to try pizzas with different tastes? Pizza Hut sold a special kind of pizza, durian(榴槤) pizza, in June, and surprisingly it set a record of one durian pizza sold every ten seconds. Therefore, Pizza Hut decided to try pizza lovers' taste with the stinky tofu pizza. Stinky tofu and Taiwanese kimchi(泡菜) top the pizza with mozzarella cheese, this western-Taiwan dish is for those who enjoy experiencing new food.

Pizza Hut is not the only one to make "odd" pizzas. One restaurant (Chain restaurant VASA Pizzeria) placed Japanese strawberry mocha(大福) in its Mexican pizza. The savory(鹹辣的) and sweet taste tests those eaters' tongues. Also, a Chiayi restaurant sold the boba milk tea pizza with a great deal of tapioca balls on top. The restaurant has another famous dish, sticky rice sausage(糯米腸) pizza.

Besides these dishes above, you may also try Japanese honey cheese pizza, an American pizza with frogs and snakes, or even the ginger(薑) superman pizza with salted duck egg and corn(玉米) together. Are you ready to give it a try?

Source: <https://chinapost.nownews.com/20190916-747523>

43. What does "it" in Line 2 mean?

- (A) Stinky tofu pizza. (B) Ginger superman pizza. (C) Sticky rice sausage pizza. (D) Durian pizza.

44. What does the word "odd" mean?

- (A) Strange. (B) Common. (C) Popular. (D) Separate.

45. Which food doesn't the writer talk about in the reading?

- (A) Eggs. (B) Tapioca balls. (C) Cheese. (D) Beans.

46. Which is the reading mainly about?

- (A) Ways to buy pizza.
(B) Creative dishes of pizzas.
(C) The food in Taiwan.
(D) Pizza Hut and other restaurants in Taiwan.